



**Sindhi High School, Bangalore**  
**Half-Yearly Examination (2025-26)**  
**Subject: English**

**Grade: VII**

**Date: 12/9/25**

**No. Of Printed Sides: 7**

**Max.Marks:80**

**Reading Time: 15 Minutes**

**Writing Time :2Hrs.30Minutes**

**General Instructions:**

**This Paper Contains Three Sections:**

**Section A: Reading (20M)**

**Section B: Writing & Grammar (20M)**

**Section C: Literature (40M)**

**All sections are Compulsory.**

**Adhere to the word limit as given.**

**SECTION A-READING:(20M)**

**I) Read the passage and answer the questions that follow: (10M)**

1. Climate change is a global issue that affects not only human populations but also the planet's diverse ecosystems. While much attention has been given to the impact on people, the consequences of climate change on wildlife are equally significant and often overlooked. This passage delves into the challenges that wildlife face in the wake of a changing climate. Climate change is causing alterations in temperature and precipitation patterns worldwide. For many species, these changes disrupt their natural habitats. Rising temperatures have led to the melting of polar ice, which has dire consequences for iconic animals such as polar bears and penguins. The shrinking ice floes make it increasingly difficult for these creatures to hunt for food and breed successfully. Consequently, their populations are declining at an alarming rate. In addition to temperature shifts, changes in precipitation patterns are also affecting wildlife. Some regions are experiencing more frequent and severe droughts, while others are subject to increased rainfall and flooding. These events can have devastating effects on ecosystems. Droughts can lead to water scarcity, causing the deaths of aquatic species and limiting the available water sources for terrestrial animals. On the other hand, floods can disrupt nesting sites, displace animals, and damage habitats, leading to reduced reproductive success and species displacement.
2. Furthermore, climate change is altering the distribution of plant and animal species. As temperatures rise, species that were once confined to specific geographic regions are moving to cooler areas in search of suitable habitats. This can result in competition for resources and the potential introduction of invasive species into new ecosystems, further disrupting the delicate balance of nature.
3. The impact of climate change on wildlife extends beyond physical changes to their environment. These shifts also affect the timing of natural events such as migration and breeding. For instance, many migratory birds rely on temperature and food availability cues to determine the timing of

their journeys. With changing climate patterns, these cues may be out of sync with their typical schedules, leading to negative consequences for their survival and reproduction. Establishing protected areas and corridors for species to move and adapt to changing conditions can make a significant difference. Additionally, reducing carbon emissions and adopting sustainable practices are essential to addressing the root causes of climate change. In conclusion, climate change poses significant challenges to wildlife around the world. Rising temperatures, altered precipitation patterns, and shifting species distributions threaten many species with extinction. It is imperative that we recognize the importance of conserving our natural world and take action to combat climate change, for the well-being of both humanity and the countless species that share our planet.

**Answer the following questions, based on the passage above.**

(i) How can droughts, resulting from changes in precipitation patterns, impact wildlife? [1]

- a) Facilitating water availability for aquatic species
- b) Leading to increased reproduction rates
- c) Causing the deaths of aquatic species and limiting water sources for terrestrial animals.
- d) Fostering ideal conditions for wildlife habitats

(ii) Which of the following conservation measures is suggested in the passage to control the effects of climate change on wildlife? [1]

- a) Encouraging higher carbon emissions
- b) Reducing the number of protected areas
- c) Establishing protected areas and corridors for species to adapt
- d) Ignoring the effects of climate change on wildlife

(iii) What is the main challenge for migratory birds due to climate change? [1]

- a) Increased competition for resources
- b) In food preferences
- c) Confusion signs of migration timing
- d) Longer migration routes

(iv) How does climate change impact the distribution of plant and animal species? [2]

(v) What are two effects of climate change on migratory birds' timing? [2]

(vi) **Choose the correct statement for the reason and assertion given below:** [1]

**Reason:** Decreased rainfall can lead to a decline in crop yields. **Assertion:**

Climate change has adverse effects on agriculture.

**Options:**

- a) Both the Reason and Assertion are true, and the Reason is the correct explanation for the Assertion.

b) Both the Reason and Assertion are true, but the Reason is not the correct explanation for the Assertion.

c) The Reason is true, but the Assertion is false.

d) The Reason is false, but the Assertion is true.

(vii) Based on your understanding, suggest the alternate ways for conservation of climate. (2)

**II) Read the passage and answer the questions that follow: (10M)**

1. Long ago, in the ancient city of Mathura (present-day Uttar Pradesh), there lived a powerful but cruel king named Kamsa. On the day his sister Devaki married Vasudeva, destiny revealed itself. A divine voice declared that Devaki's eighth son would one day kill Kamsa. Filled with fear and anger, Kamsa imprisoned Devaki and Vasudeva and vowed to kill any child Devaki gave birth to.

2. The day Devaki gave birth to her eighth child a mysterious and radiant night, something extraordinary happened. The prison turned bright, the guards fell asleep, and the gates opened on their own. At this moment, Vishnu appeared and instructed Vasudeva to carry the baby across the Yamuna River to Gokul, where Nanda and Yashoda awaited. This couple had just given birth to a daughter—but by divine play, Krishna took her place and Vasudeva returned to Mathura with the baby girl, who later became Yogamaya, a celestial power.

3. In Gokul, Krishna grew up under the loving care of Nanda and Yashoda. From his earliest days, he was both playful and mischievous. He loved butter—so much that he became known as Makhan-Chor (“butter thief”). Along with his friends, he would sneak into the homes of the Gopis (milkmaids) and steal butter. Sometimes the Gopis tied pots up high or tied their clotheslines across the yard to stop him. Despite his antics, Krishna's charm and innocence won everyone's hearts. His playful pranks taught lessons about love, devotion and forgiveness.

4. But Krishna did more than play—he also acted to protect everyone around him. When the serpent-demon Kaliya polluted the Yamuna River, Krishna bravely jumped into the river, danced across Kaliya's many heads, forced him to repent and then banished him deep into the river—restoring the river's purity.

5. On another occasion, Krishna challenged the villagers' worship of Indra, the god of rain, saying they should honor Govardhan Hill instead, because it provided grass, water, and shelter for cattle, farmers, and wildlife. Angry, Indra unleashed a terrifying storm. In response, Krishna lifted Govardhan Hill with just one finger, held it aloft like an umbrella and sheltered the villagers and animals beneath it. Seeing this miracle, Indra understood his mistake, repented and the storm stopped. Through these actions, Krishna showed courage, wisdom, and humility—reminding everyone to respect nature, trust in heart over ritual and protect those in need.

6. When Krishna grew older, he left Gokul and Mathura for Dwaraka, and played a vital role in the epic Mahabharata. There, he became the charioteer and guide of the Pandava prince Arjuna. On the battlefield of Kurukshetra, Krishna delivered the Bhagavad Gita, a sacred text where he explained duty (dharma), life, action, devotion and the path to inner peace. Even though he often

avoided picking up a weapon himself, his wisdom, diplomacy, and courage shaped the course of the battle. His birthday is celebrated as Janmashtami, and each story from his life continues to remind us that truth and love can conquer darkness.

(i) Who appeared before Vasudeva and instructed him to take Devaki's eighth child to Gokul? (1)

- A) Indra
- B) Yogamaya
- C) Vishnu
- D) Kamsa

(ii) Why did the prison gates open on their own the night Krishna was born? (1)

- A) A divine force intervened
- B) The guards were bribed
- C) An earthquake shook them open
- D) A magical chant was recited

(iii) Which miraculous act did Krishna perform to neutralize the serpent Kaliya? (1)

- A) Blessed the animals to flee
- B) Danced across all of Kaliya's heads in the Yamuna
- C) Turned Kaliya into stone
- D) Summoned Indra to banish the serpent

(iv) Describe two miracles Krishna performed during his childhood in Gokul. (2)

(v) What life lessons do you learn from Lord Krishna? (2)

(vi) Reason-Assertion (Choose the correct option): (1)

**Reason:** Indra sent the storm because Krishna declared Govardhan Hill more worthy of worship than himself.

**Assertion:** Krishna taught humility and respect for nature.

- a) Both the Reason and Assertion are true, and the Reason explains the Assertion
- b) Both are true, but the Reason does not explain the Assertion
- c) Reason is true, Assertion is false
- d) Reason is false, Assertion is true

(vii) Find a suitable one-word synonym (contextual meaning from the passage): (2)

- a) For "mischievous" (para-3)
- b) For "repented" (para-5)

III)

**WRITING & GRAMMAR (20M)**

Answer any one of the two given below:

a) Write a letter to your friend sharing how you overcame stage fear during a school function. (5M)  
You are Amit/Alia

OR

b) Write a letter to your friend about the importance of reading books. You are Raj/Reema

IV) A) Write a biosketch of the famous Astro-Physicist Stephen Hawking based on the given information:

(5M)

Stephen Hawking – British Physicist.

- Name: Stephen William Hawking
- Date of Birth: 8 January 1942
- Place of Birth: Oxford, England
- Field: Theoretical Physics and Cosmology
- Famous for: His work on black holes, Hawking radiation, and the nature of the universe
- Diagnosed with a rare motor neuron disease (ALS) at the age of 21
- wheelchair and communicated through a speech-generating device

OR

IV) B) With the help of the given beginning of a story continue it in your own words. Suggest a suitable title to your story. (Word Limit 150 words)

While exploring the attic of their new home, Sam stumbled upon an old, ornate door hidden behind a dusty bookshelf. The door had no handle, only a peculiar keyhole shaped like a star. As Sam leaned in for a closer look, the keyhole began to glow faintly...

V) **GRAMMAR: DO AS DIRECTED**

A) Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb:

(3x1=3 M)

1. The river \_\_\_\_\_ (flow) through the valley before it reached the plains.
2. She \_\_\_\_\_ (study) for her exams while he \_\_\_\_\_ (prepare) dinner.
3. We \_\_\_\_\_ (play) a match tomorrow.

B) Fill in the blanks with suitable answers given in the bracket :

(4x1=4M)

1. The bouquet of flowers \_\_\_\_\_ (is/are) beautiful.
2. Neither the teacher nor the students \_\_\_\_\_ (is/are) responsible for the decorations.
3. Mount Everest is the \_\_\_\_\_ (high) mountain in the world. (Degree of comparison)
4. The pilgrims walked \_\_\_\_\_ the bridge to reach the temple. (on/over/under)

C) Fill in the blank by suitable form of noun for the given sentence.

(1)

1. His \_\_\_\_\_ (kind) was a source of joy for everyone around.

And taking out a currant bun

He held it to my nose.

- i) Why is it good to be kind and make others laugh? (2)
- ii) What did he give as a rose? (1)
- iii) The figure of speech in "Your Highness" is (1)  
a) Simile b) metaphor c) rhyming scheme d) none
- iv) What does this behaviour tell us about the person's personality? (1)

**VIII. Answer any FOUR of the following in 50-60 words each (4 × 3 = 12 marks)**

1. What values does Helen Keller base her choice of how to spend her three days with sight?
2. How did Dr Dolittle become renowned among animals?
3. What values are emphasised in the poem "Try Again"?
4. What is the main message of the poem "A Funny Man"?
5. How does Mary's comments embarrass her mother and guests in "Say the Right Thing"?

**IX. Answer ANY TWO of the following in 50-60 words (2 × 3 = 6 marks)**

1. How does the River help Jahnavi overcome her fear of schooling and what does that teach us about encouragement?
2. Describe the transformation in King Bruce after he watched the spider.
3. How does speaking politely at the right time help relationships with reference to "Say the Right Thing"?

**X. Answer ANY ONE of the following in 100-120 words (1 × 6 = 6 marks)**

- A) Imagine you are Helen Keller. Write a diary entry about your feelings and plans during that first day of "seeing" your loved ones.

**OR**

- B) Imagine you are Dr Dolittle's assistant. Write your diary entry on the day when animals came to the clinic (describe what you learned and how you felt).

**XI. Answer ANY ONE of the following in 100-120 words (1 × 6 = 6 marks)**

- A) In your own words, discuss how King Bruce's poem Try Again teaches that small things (like observing a spider) can change a person's mind and shape destiny.

**OR**

- B) "In Say the Right Thing, timing is everything." How does this lesson teach us etiquette and how can it help in everyday communication?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BANGALURU  
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2025-26)  
SUBJECT – HINDI (Additional Lang)

Class: VII  
Date: 24.09. 2025  
Number of printed sides: 5

Marks: 60  
Time: 2 ½ hrs

सामान्य निर्देश :-

- \* इस प्रश्न पत्र में चार खंड है - खंड क, ख, ग और घ ।
- \* सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रमानुसार लिखिए ।
- \* चारों खंडों के सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है ।

खंड - क

। दिए गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए।

(5)

एक बार की बात है, एक छोटे से गाँव में राजू नाम का एक लड़का रहता था। राजू बहुत मेहनती और दयालु था। उसे पेड़ों और जानवरों से बहुत प्यार था। हर सुबह वह अपने घर के पास के जंगल में जाता और पक्षियों को गाना गाते सुनता था। एक दिन उसने देखा कि एक छोटा हिरण झाड़ियों में फँसा हुआ है। हिरण डर रहा था और मदद के लिए चिल्ला रहा था। राजू तुरंत हिरण के पास गया और धीरे से उसे झाड़ियों से बाहर निकाला। हिरण की टांग में थोड़ी चोट लग गई थी। राजू उसे अपने घर ले आया और उसकी चोट पर दवा लगाई। उसने हिरण को खाने के लिए घास और पानी दिया। कुछ दिनों में हिरण ठीक हो गया। जब हिरण पूरी तरह से स्वस्थ हो गया, तो राजू उसे वापस जंगल में छोड़ आया। हिरण खुशी-खुशी अपनी माँ के पास चला गया। राजू को यह देखकर बहुत खुशी हुई कि उसने एक जानवर की मदद की।

1. राजू कहाँ रहता था?

- क) शहर में      ख) गाँव में      ग) जंगल में      घ) पहाड़ पर

2. राजू को किससे प्यार था?

- क) किताबों से      ख) खिलौनों से      ग) पेड़ों और जानवरों से      घ) सिर्फ पक्षियों से

3. राजू ने जंगल में किसे कैसा हुआ देखा?  
 क) एक शेर को      ख) एक हिरण को      ग) एक लोमड़ी को      घ) एक बंदर को
4. हिरण को चोट लगने पर राजू ने क्या किया?  
 क) उसे वहीं छोड़ दिया      ख) उसे अपने घर ले आया और दवा लगाई  
 ग) डर कर भाग गया      घ) किसी और की मदद माँगी
5. जब हिरण ठीक हो गया, तो राजू ने क्या किया?  
 क) उसे अपने पास रख लिया      ख) उसे बेच दिया  
 ग) उसे वापस जंगल में छोड़ आया      घ) उसे पिंजरे में बंद कर दिया

खंड - ख

(2)

॥ क) दिए गए शब्दों के संधि विच्छेद कीजिए :-

- (1) दीपावली      (2) दयानंद

(2)

ख) दिए गए शब्दों के लिंग बदलिए:-

- (1) छात्र      (2) गोप      (3) पुत्र      (4) माला

(2)

ग) दिए गए शब्दों के वचन बदलिए:-

- (1) लोटा      (2) जूता      (3) घोड़ा      (4) कपड़ा

(2)

घ) दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए :-

- (1) अनुकूल      (2) आशा      (3) उपयोगी      (4) उतार

(2)

ड.) अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए:-

- (1) जिसे पढ़ा न गया हो -  
 (2) जिसका जन्म न हुआ हो -

च) दिए गए शब्दों के एक-एक पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए :-

(2)

- (1) आँख      (2) आग      (3) इच्छा      (4) कमल

छ) दिए गए उपसर्ग से एक-एक शब्द बनाइए :-

(1)

- (1) अप      (2) अधि

ज) दिए गए प्रत्यय जोड़कर एक-एक शब्द लिखिए :- (1)

(1) आई (2) आतु

झ) दिए गए मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखिए :- (1)

(1) अँगूठा दिखाना -

### खंड - ग

III. दिए गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए। (5)

मोक्षगुंडम विश्वेश्वरैया का जन्म मैसूर (जो अब कर्नाटक में है) के मुद्देनाहल्ली नामक स्थान पर 15 सितंबर 1861 को हुआ था। उनके पिता वैद्य थे। वर्षों पहले उनके पूर्वज आंध्र प्रदेश के मोक्षगुंडम से यहाँ आए और मैसूर में बस गए थे। दो वर्ष की आयु से ही उनका परिचय रामायण, महाभारत और पंचतंत्र की कहानियों से हो गया था। ये कहानियाँ हर रात घर की वृद्ध महिलाएँ उन्हें सुनाती थीं। कहानियाँ शिक्षाप्रद व मनोरंजक थीं। इन कहानियों से विश्वेश्वरैया ने ईमानदारी, दया और अनुशासन जैसे मूल मानवीय मूल्यों को आत्मसात किया। विश्वेश्वरैया चिकबल्लापुर के मिडिल व हाईस्कूल में पढ़े। जब उन्हें "गाड सेव द किंग" (ईश्वर राजा को सुरक्षित रखे) वाला गीत गाने को कहा गया तो उन्हें पता चला कि भारत एक ब्रिटिश उपनिवेश है, अपने मामलों में भी भारतीयों को कुछ कहने का अधिकार न था। भारत की अधिकांश संपत्ति विदेशियों ने हड़प ली थी।

क) मोक्षगुंडम विश्वेश्वरैया का जन्म कब हुआ था?

(1) 14 सितंबर 1888 (2) 23 सितंबर 1987 (3) 15 सितंबर 1861 (4) 12 सितंबर 2024

ख) विश्वेश्वरैया के पूर्वज कहाँ से आकर मैसूर में बस गए

(1) आंध्रप्रदेश के मोक्षगुंडम से (2) मध्य प्रदेश से (3) दिल्ली से (4) पंजाब से

ग) विश्वेश्वरैया को कहानियाँ कौन सुनाता था ?

(1) उनके मित्र (2) उनकी बुआ (3) घर की वृद्ध महिलाएँ (4) उनके शिक्षक

घ) विश्वेश्वरैया ने मिडिल और हाईस्कूल की पढ़ाई कहाँ से की?

(1) दिल्ली (2) चिकबल्लापुर (3) हैदराबाद (4) मद्रास

ड.) भारत की अधिकांश संपत्ति किसने हड़प ली थी ?

(1) किसानों ने (2) विदेशियों ने (3) ज़मींदारों ने (4) राजाओं ने

IV दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक वाक्य में लिखिए :-

- (1) अचानक बगीचे में क्या आकर गिरा ?
- (2) पिता की मृत्यु के बाद तीनों भाई कहाँ चल दिए ?
- (3) फूल और काँटा कहाँ जन्म लेते हैं ?
- (4) काँटा किसका प्रतीक है ?
- (5) निर्धन व्यक्ति के कितने बेटे थे ?
- (6) बड़े सवेरे उपवन में कौन भ्रमण कर रहे थे ?
- (7) कुंडलिया कौन-सी भाषा में रचित हैं ?
- (8) कोई भी काम किस प्रकार करना चाहिए ?

(2x6=12)

V दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो से तीन वाक्यों में लिखिए :-

- 1) फूल की क्या विशेषता होती है?
- 2) राजा के धमकाने पर तीनों भाइयों ने क्या जवाब दिया ?
- 3) पानी की बर्बादी से क्या नुक्सान होते हैं ?
- 4) फूल और काँटे को कौन सी समान परिस्थितियाँ प्राप्त होती हैं ?
- 5) जल-चक्र की प्रक्रिया क्या होती है ?
- 6) कैसे कार्य मन में खटकते हैं ?

VI दिए गए गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए।

(5)

हमारी यह धरती भी इसी तरह की खूब बड़ी गुल्लक है। मिट्टी की बनी इस विशाल गुल्लक में प्रकृति वर्षा के मौसम में खूब पानी बरसाती है। तब रुपयों से भी कई गुना कीमती इस वर्षा को हमें इस बड़ी गुल्लक में जमा कर लेना चाहिए। हमारे गाँव में, शहर में जो छोटे-बड़े तालाब, झील आदि हैं, वे धरती की गुल्लक में पानी भरने का काम करते हैं। इनमें जमा पानी ज़मीन के नीचे छिपे जल के भंडार में धीरे-धीरे रिसकर, छनकर जा मिलता है। इससे हमारा भूजल भंडार समृद्ध होता जाता है। पानी का यह खजाना हमें दिखता नहीं, लेकिन इसी खजाने से हम बरसात का मौसम बीत जाने के बाद पूरे साल भर तक अपने उपयोग के लिए घर में, खेतों में, पाठशाला में पानी निकाल सकते हैं। लेकिन एक

दौर ऐसा भी आया जब हम लोग इस छिपे खजाने का महत्व भूल गए और जमीन के तालच में हमने अपने तालाबों को कचरे से ढाँककर, भरकर समतल बना दिया। देखते-ही-देखते इन पर तो कहीं मकान, कहीं बाजार, स्टेडियम और सिनेमा आदि खड़े हो गए।

क) गद्यांश में धरती को किससे तुलना की गई है?

- (1) तिजोरी से (2) गुल्लक से (3) कुएँ से (4) नदी से

ख) धरती रूपी गुलाक में पानी कौन भरता है ?

- (1) नदियाँ (2) समुद्र (3) महानगर (4) तालाब और झील

ग) वर्षा का पानी किससे अधिक कीमती है?

- (1) अनाज से (2) रुपयों से (3) सोने से (4) बच्चों से

घ) किसकी लालच में हमने अपने तालाबों को कचरे से भरकर समतल बना दिया ?

- (1) जमीन के (2) सोना के (3) चाँदी के (4) हीरों के

ड.) प्रकृति किस मौसम में खूब पानी बरसाती है?

- (1) वर्षा के मौसम में (2) गर्मी के मौसम में (3) सर्दी के मौसम में (4) जड़े के मौसम में

### खंड - घ

VII अपने मित्र को विद्यालय में आयोजित भाषण प्रतियोगिता में विजयी घोषित होने का वर्णन करते हुए पत्र लिखिए।

अथवा

(5)

परीक्षा से पूर्व अस्वस्थ होने पर मित्रों की सहायता का उल्लेख करते हुए पिता को पत्र लिखिए।

VIII दिए गए किसी एक विषय पर 40-50 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए।

(5)

- (1) मेरे विद्यालय का पुस्तकालय

अथवा

- (2) मित्रता



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2025-26)

SUBJECT: II LANGUAGE KANNADA

Class: 7

Marks: 80

Date: 22.9.2025

Reading Time: 15 Mins

No of Sides: 9

Writing Time: 3 Hrs

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು:-

೧. ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯು ಎ,ಬಿ ಎಂಬ ಎರಡು ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಎ,ಬಿ,ಸಿ,ಡಿ ಎಂಬ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಒಟ್ಟು ೧೪ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿದೆ

೨. ವಿಭಾಗ -ಎ ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ.

ಅಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ೧ ಮತ್ತು ೨.

ಪರಿತ ಗದ್ಯ/ಪದ್ಯಭಾಗ ೩ ಮತ್ತು ೪.

ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು (ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ೫ ರಿಂದ ೭.

೩. ವಿಭಾಗ -ಬಿ, ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ (ಪತ್ರ, ಕಿರುಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ ಮತ್ತು ಚಿತ್ರ ವರ್ಣನೆ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ೮ ರಿಂದ ೧೦

೪. ವಿಭಾಗ-ಡಿ, ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ ೧೧ರಿಂದ ೧೪ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವ ಮೊದಲು ನೀಡಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿ.

ಭಾಗ-ಎ	ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ	೨೦ ಅಂಕಗಳು
(೪೦ ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ	೧೫ ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	೫ ಅಂಕಗಳು
ಭಾಗ-ಬಿ	ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ	೧೨ ಅಂಕಗಳು
(೪೦ ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	೨೮ ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಅಂಕಗಳು	೮೦ ಅಂಕಗಳು

1. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 5 x 1 = 5

ಕನಕದಾಸರು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸಂಗೀತ ಪರಂಪರೆಯ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಸಂತರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಬ್ಬರು. ಇವರು 15ನೇ ಶತಮಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಜೀವಿಸಿದ್ದು, ದಾಸ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಅಮೂಲ್ಯ ಕೊಡುಗೆ ನೀಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಕನಕದಾಸರ ನಿಜವಾದ ಹೆಸರು ತಿಮ್ಮಪ್ಪ ನಾಯಕ. ಇವರು ಕುರುಬ ಜನಾಂಗಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿದವರಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಬಾಲ್ಯದಿಂದಲೇ ಆಧ್ಯಾತ್ಮಿಕ ಒಲವನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದರು. ಆರಂಭದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಜಯನಗರ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇನಾನಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದ ಕನಕದಾಸರು, ಒಂದು ಘಟನೆಯ ನಂತರ ತಮ್ಮ ಸಂಪತ್ತನ್ನು ತ್ಯಜಿಸಿ, ಹರಿದಾಸ ಪರಂಪರೆಗೆ ಸೇರಿದರು. ಉಡುಪಿಯ ಕೃಷ್ಣ ದೇವಾಲಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕನಕನ ಕಿಂಡಿ ಮೂಲಕ ಕೃಷ್ಣನ ದರ್ಶನ ಪಡೆದ ಇವರ ಕಥೆ ಬಹಳ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧವಾಗಿದೆ. ಕಾಗಿನಲೆಯಾದಿಕೇಶವ ಇವರ ಕಾವ್ಯನಾಮವಾಗಿದೆ.

ಕನಕದಾಸರು ರಚಿಸಿದ ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು, ಸುಳಾದಿಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಉಗಾಭೋಗಗಳು ಇಂದಿಗೂ ಮನೆಮಾತಾಗಿವೆ. "ನಳಚರಿತ್ರೆ", "ಹರಿಭಕ್ತಿಸಾರ", "ಮೋಹನತರಂಗಿಣಿ" ಮತ್ತು "ರಾಮಧಾನ್ಯ ಚರಿತ್ರೆ" ಇವರ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಕಾವ್ಯಕೃತಿಗಳು. ಇವರ ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಳ ಭಾಷೆ, ಜನಸಾಮಾನ್ಯರಿಗೆ ಅರ್ಥವಾಗುವ ನೀತಿಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಭಕ್ತಿಭಾವ ಎದ್ದು ಕಾಣುತ್ತವೆ. ಜಾತಿ, ಮತ ಭೇದಗಳನ್ನು ಮೀರಿ ಮಾನವೀಯ ಮೌಲ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಸಾರಿದ ಕನಕದಾಸರು, ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಗೆ ಅನನ್ಯ ಕೊಡುಗೆ ನೀಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. "ಕುಲ ಕುಲವೆಂದು ಹೊಡೆದಾಡದಿರಿ", "ಬಾಗಿಲನು ತೆರೆದು ಸೇವೆಯನು ಕೊಡೊ ಹರಿಯೇ" ಮುಂತಾದ ಅವರ ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು ಇಂದಿಗೂ ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತವಾಗಿವೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:-

೧. ಕನಕದಾಸರ ನಿಜವಾದ ಹೆಸರು \_\_\_\_\_

ಅ) ಪುರಂದರದಾಸರು ಆ) ಕನಕ ನಾಯಕ ಇ) ತಿಮ್ಮಪ್ಪ ನಾಯಕ ಈ) ವ್ಯಾಸರಾಯರು

೨. ಕನಕದಾಸರು ಈ ಶತಮಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಜೀವಿಸಿದ್ದರು \_\_\_\_\_

ಅ) 14ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ ಆ) 15ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ ಇ) 16ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ ಈ) 17ನೇ ಶತಮಾನ

೩. ಕನಕದಾಸರು ಆರಂಭದಲ್ಲಿ \_\_\_\_\_ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇನಾನಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದರು.

ಅ) ಹೊಯ್ಸಳ ಆ) ಚಾಲುಕ್ಯ ಇ) ವಿಜಯನಗರ ಈ) ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರಕೂಟ

ಉಡುವಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೃಷ್ಣನ ದರ್ಶನವನ್ನು ಪಡೆದ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಸ್ಥಳವೆಂದು \_\_\_\_\_

ಅ) ಕನಕಗೋಪುರ ಆ) ಕನಕನ ಕಿಂಡಿ ಇ) ಕನಕನಾ ಕೊಳ ಈ) ಕನಕ ಸನ್ನಿಧಿ

೧. ಕನಕದಾಸರ ಕಾವ್ಯನಾಮ \_\_\_\_\_

ಅ) ಪುರಂದರ ವಿಠಲ ಆ) ಕಾಗಿನೆಯಾದಿಕೇಶವ ಇ) ಕವಿಶಿಷ್ಯ ಈ) ಮುದ್ದಣ

II. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

5 x 1 = 5

ಮೈಸೂರು ದಸರಾ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತಿಕೆ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಂಪರೆಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿಬಿಂಬಿಸುವ ಒಂದು ಭವ್ಯ ಉತ್ಸವ. ಇದು ವಿಜಯನಗರ ಸಾಮ್ರಾಜ್ಯದ ಕಾಲದಿಂದಲೂ ಆಚರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಬರುತ್ತಿರುವ ನವರಾತ್ರಿ ಹಬ್ಬದ ಮುಂದುವರಿದ ಭಾಗವಾಗಿದೆ. ಮೈಸೂರು ದಸರಾವನ್ನು 'ನಾಡಹಬ್ಬ' ಎಂದೂ ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಹತ್ತು ದಿನಗಳ ಕಾಲ ನಡೆಯುವ ಈ ಉತ್ಸವವು ದುಷ್ಕೃತಿಗಳ ಮೇಲೆ ಶುಭ ಶಕ್ತಿಗಳ ವಿಜಯವನ್ನು ಸಂಕೇತಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಪೌರಾಣಿಕವಾಗಿ, ಮಹಿಷೂರಿನ ರಾಜ ಮಹಿಷಾಸುರನನ್ನು ಚಾಮುಂಡೇಶ್ವರಿ ದೇವಿ ಸಂಹರಿಸಿದ ದಿನವನ್ನಾಗಿ ಇದನ್ನು ಆಚರಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಈ ಹಿಂದೆ ಮೈಸೂರನ್ನು ಮಹಿಷಪುರ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತಿತ್ತು.

ದಸರಾ ಮಹೋತ್ಸವವು ಚಾಮುಂಡಿ ಬೆಟ್ಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಚಾಮುಂಡೇಶ್ವರಿ ದೇವಿಗೆ ವಿಶೇಷ ಪೂಜೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸುವುದರೊಂದಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಮೈಸೂರು ಅರಮನೆಯು ದೀಪಾಲಂಕಾರದಿಂದ ಕಂಗೊಳಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಹಬ್ಬದ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಆಕರ್ಷಣೆ ಜಂಬೂಸವಾರಿ. ಇದು ವಿಜಯದಶಮಿಯಂದು ನಡೆಯುವ ಅದ್ದೂರಿ ಮೆರವಣಿಗೆ. ಚಿನ್ನದ ಅಂಬಾರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕುಳಿತಿರುವ ಚಾಮುಂಡೇಶ್ವರಿ ದೇವಿಯ ವಿಗ್ರಹವನ್ನು ಅಲಂಕೃತ ಆನೆಗಳು ಹೊತ್ತು ಸಾಗುತ್ತವೆ. ಇದರ ಜೊತೆಗೆ ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳು, ಕ್ರೀಡಾ ಸ್ಪರ್ಧೆಗಳು, ಕೃಷಿ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ವಸ್ತುಪ್ರದರ್ಶನಗಳು ನಡೆಯುತ್ತವೆ. ಇಡೀ ಮೈಸೂರು ನಗರವೇ ಹಬ್ಬದ ಸಂಭ್ರಮದಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಹೆಮ್ಮೆಯ ಹಬ್ಬಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದಾಗಿದೆ.

**ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:-**

೧. ಮೈಸೂರು ದಸರಾವನ್ನು ಯಾವ ಹೆಸರಿನಿಂದ ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ?

ಅ) ಜನಹಬ್ಬ ಆ) ನಾಡಹಬ್ಬ ಇ) ಬೆಳಕಿನ ಹಬ್ಬ ಈ) ಹೊಸ ವರ್ಷ

೨. ಪೌರಾಣಿಕವಾಗಿ \_\_\_\_\_ ದೇವಿಯು ಮಹಿಷಾಸುರನನ್ನು ಸಂಹರಿಸಿದಳು.  
 ಅ) ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಿ ದೇವಿ ಆ) ಸರಸ್ವತಿ ದೇವಿ ಇ) ಪಾರ್ವತಿ ದೇವಿ ಈ) ಚಾಮುಂಡೇಶ್ವರಿ ದೇವಿ

೩. ದಸರಾ ಮಹೋತ್ಸವ ಮುಂಜಾನೆ \_\_\_\_\_ ದಲ್ಲಿ ಪೂಜೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸುವುದರೊಂದಿಗೆ  
 ಪ್ರಾರಂಭವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.  
 ಅ) ಮೈಸೂರು ಅರಮನೆ ಆ) ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜ ಸಾಗರ  
 ಇ) ಚಾಮುಂಡಿ ಬೆಟ್ಟ ಈ) ಬೃಂದಾವನ ಉದ್ಯಾನ

೪. ದಸರಾ ಹಬ್ಬದ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಆಕರ್ಷಣೆ \_\_\_\_\_  
 ಅ) ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳು ಆ) ಕ್ರೀಡಾ ಸ್ಪರ್ಧೆಗಳು  
 ಇ) ಜಂಬೂಸವಾರಿ ಈ) ವಸ್ತುಪ್ರದರ್ಶನ

೫. ಹಿಂದೆ ಮೈಸೂರನ್ನು ಈ ಹೆಸರಿನಿಂದ ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು.  
 ಅ) ಮಹಿಷಪುರ ಆ) ಮದೂರು ಇ) ಮಂಗಳೂರು ಈ) ಮಡೆನೂರು

III. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪಠ್ಯಪುಸ್ತಕ ಸಂಪಾದಿತ 'ಕೈಬರಹ' ಪಾಠದಿಂದ ಆಯ್ದ  
 ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ  
 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 5 x 1=5

**ಕಾಳಿ ನದಿ**

ಕನ್ನಡ ನಾಡು ಹಲವು ನದಿಗಳ ತಾಣ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕೂಡಿದ್ದು ನೀರಾವರಿಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು  
 ಸಹಕಾರಿಯಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ಘಟ್ಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಟ್ಟಿ ಹಳಿಯಾಳ. ಯಲ್ಲಾಪುರ  
 ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹರಿದು ಕಾರವಾರದ ಬಳಿ ಅರಬ್ಬಿ ಸಮುದ್ರವನ್ನು ಸೇರುತ್ತದೆ. ನದಿಯ  
 ಮಾರ್ಗ ದಟ್ಟವಾದ ಅರಣ್ಯ ಪರ್ವತಗಳಿಂದ ಕೂಡಿದ್ದು ನೀರಾವರಿಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು  
 ಸಹಕಾರಿಯಾಗಿಲ್ಲ.

ಕಾಳಿ ಜಲವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ಯೋಜನೆಯ ಮುಖ್ಯ ಜಲಾಶಯವನ್ನು ಸೂಪಾಧ ಬಳಿ  
 ನಿರ್ಮಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಕಟ್ಟೆಯ ಎತ್ತರ ೩೨೦ ಅಡಿಗಳಷ್ಟು ೧೦ ಲಕ್ಷ ಕಿಲೋವ್ಯಾಟ್ ವಿದ್ಯುತ್  
 ಉತ್ಪಾದನೆಯಾಗುತ್ತಿದೆ.

**ಮೈಸೂರು ಅರಮನೆ**

ಕನ್ನಡ ನಾಡಿನ ಭವ್ಯಸೌಧ ಮೈಸೂರು ಅರಮನೆ. ಇದು ಜಗತ್ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ. ಹಿಂದೆ  
 ಮೈಸೂರನ್ನು ಆಳಿದ ಒಡೆಯರ್ ವಂಶಜರು ಇದರ ನಿರ್ಮಾತೃಗಳು. ವಾಸ್ತುಶಿಲ್ಪಿಗಳು

11.11.2024

ಲಿಟನಿನ್ ಹೆನ್ರಿ ಇರ್ವಿನ್ ಮತ್ತು ಭಾರತದ ಬಿ ರಾಘವೇಲು ಸಾರ್ನು,  
ಅರಮನೆಯ ಹೊರನೋಟವು ಸುಂದರ. ಪ್ರತಿ ಭಾಗವು ಅತ್ಯುತ್ತಮವಾಗಿ  
ಅಲಂಕೃತಗೊಂಡಿದೆ ರಾತ್ರಿ ವೇಳೆ ಲಕ್ಷಾಂತರ ವಿದ್ಯುತ್ ದೀಪಗಳಿಂದ ಕಂಗೊಳಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

### ಫರ್ಡಿನಂಡ್ ಕಿಟಲ್

ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಭಾಷಿಕರು ಕನ್ನಡವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಯಲು ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಕನ್ನಡ ನಿಘಂಟವನ್ನು  
ಸಿದ್ಧ ಪಡಿಸಿದ ಕೀರ್ತಿ ಕಿಟಲ್ ರವರಿಗೆ ಸಲ್ಲುತ್ತದೆ. ಜರ್ಮನ್ ದೇಶದ ಈತನು ಭಾರತಕ್ಕೆ  
ವಾದ್ರಿಯಾಗಿ ನೇಮಕ ಗೊಂಡರು. ಮಂಗಳೂರಿನಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾಗ ಕನ್ನಡ ವ್ಯಾಸಂಗ ಆರಂಭಿಸಿ  
ಬಹುಬೇಗ ಯಶಸ್ಸು ಸಾಧಿಸಿದರು.

ನಿಘಂಟಿನ ಕಾರ್ಯವು ೧೮೭೨ರಲ್ಲಿ ಆರಂಭವಾಯಿತು ೧೮೯೨ರಲ್ಲಿ ೭೦,೦೦೦  
ಶಬ್ದಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡ ಹಸ್ತಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಕನ್ನಡ ಪಂಡಿತರ ನೆರವಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಿಸಿ  
೧೮೯೪ರಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಲಾಯಿತು.

### ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:-

೧. ಕಾಳಿ ನದಿ ಎಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಟ್ಟುತ್ತದೆ, ಯಾವ ಮಾರ್ಗವಾಗಿ ಹರಿಯುತ್ತದೆ?
೨. ಮೈಸೂರು ಅರಮನೆಯ ವಾಸ್ತುಶಿಲ್ಪಿಗಳು ಯಾರು?
೩. ಫರ್ಡಿನಂಡ್ ಕಿಟಲ್ ಯಾವ ದೇಶದವರು?
೪. ಮೈಸೂರು ಅರಮನೆಯ ನಿರ್ಮಾತೃರರು ಯಾರ ವಂಶಜರು?
೫. ಫರ್ಡಿನಂಡ್ ಕಿಟಲ್ ರಚಿಸಿದ ನಿಘಂಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಎಷ್ಟು ಶಬ್ದಗಳಿವೆ?

IV. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸತ್ಯಾಧಿರವರು ರಚಿಸಿರುವ " ಅನ್ನದಾತ"  
ಪದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ  
ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. .

5 x 1=5

ಇವನೆ ನೋಡು ಅನ್ನದಾತ  
ಹೊಲದಿ ದುಡಿದೆ ದುಡಿವನು  
ನಾಡ ಜನರು ಬದುಕಲೆಂದು  
ದವಸ ಧಾನ್ಯ ಬೆಳೆವನು

ಮಳೆಯ ಗುಡುಗು ಚಳಿಯ ನಡುಗು

ಬಿಸಿಲ ಬೇಗೆ ಸಹಿಸುತ್ತ

ಬೆವರು ಸುರಿಸಿ ಕಷ್ಟ ಸಹಿಸಿ

ಓಂದೆ ಸಮನೆ ದುಡಿಯುತೆ

ಗಟ್ಟಿ ದೇಹ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಮನಸು  
ದೇವನಿಂದ ಪಡೆದನು  
ಯೋಗಿಯಾಗಿ ತ್ಯಾಗಿಯಾಗಿ  
ಅನ್ನು ನೀಡುತ್ತಿರುವನು

ಎತ್ತು ಎರಡು ಅವನ ಜೋಡು  
ಕೂಡಿ ದುಡಿವ ಗೆಲೆಯರು  
ಹಿಗ್ಗು ಕುಗ್ಗು ಏನೆ ಇರಲಿ  
ಹೊಂದಿಕೊಂಡು ನಡೆವರು

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:-

೧. ಅನ್ನದಾತ ಎಂದು ಯಾರನ್ನು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ?
೨. ಅನ್ನದಾತನು ಯಾವ ಕಷ್ಟಗಳನ್ನು ಸಹಿಸುತ್ತಾನೆ?
೩. ರೈತನು ದೇವರಿಂದ ಪಡೆದ ವರ ಯಾವುದು?
೪. ಅನ್ನದಾತನು ದವಸ ಧಾನ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಯಾರಿಗಾಗಿ ಬೆಳೆಯುವರು?
೫. ಅನ್ನದಾತ ಎಲ್ಲಿ ದುಡಿಯುವನು?

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಬಿ

(ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ - ೨೦ ಅಂಕಗಳು)

V. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಬಹುಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 10x1=10

೧. 'ತುಹಿನ' - ಈ ಪದದ ಸಮಾನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ

- ಅ) ಹಿಮ      ಆ) ಸ್ವರ್ಗ      ಇ) ನೀರು      ಈ) ನರಕ

೨. 'ಸ್ವಾರ್ಥ' ಈ ಪದದ ವಿರುದ್ಧ ಪದ

- ಅ) ಅಸ್ವಾರ್ಥ      ಆ) ನಿಸ್ವಾರ್ಥ      ಇ) ನಿರ್ಗುಣ      ಈ) ನಿರಾಶ್ರಯ

೩. ಪಟ್ಟಣ, ರಸ್ತೆ : ರೂಢನಾಮ :: ಕುಂಟೆ, ಬೇಡ : \_\_\_\_\_

- ಅ) ಅನ್ವರ್ಥನಾಮ      ಆ) ಯೋಗವಾಹ      ಇ) ಪ್ರಾಸಪದ      ಈ) ಅಲ್ಪಪ್ರಾಣ

೪. ತೊಟ್ಟಿಲಿನಲ್ಲಿದ್ದ ಮಗು ಪಕಪಕನೆ ನಕ್ಕಿತು. - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಅನುಕರಣಾವ್ಯಯ ಪದ...

- ಅ) ಮಗು      ಆ) ಪಕಪಕ      ಇ) ನಕ್ಕಿತು      ಈ) ತೊಟ್ಟಿಲು

ಅನನು ಅಲೆದಾಟದಲ್ಲೇ ದಿನವನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಕಳೆದನು. ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿರುವ  
ವರ್ತನಾಮ ಪದವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

ಅ) ಕಳೆದನು ಆ) ಅಲೆದಾಟದಲ್ಲೇ ಇ) ದಿನವನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಈ) ಅವನು

೭. 'ಊರೂರು' - ಈ ಪದವು ಈ ಸಂಧಿಗೆ ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.

ಅ) ಆದೇಶಸಂಧಿ ಆ) ಲೋಪಸಂಧಿ ಇ) ಯಕಾರಾಗಮ ಸಂಧಿ ಈ) ವಕಾರಾಗಮಸಂಧಿ

೮. ನಮ್ಮ ದೇಶದ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಹಬ್ಬಗಳು ಯಾವುವು? - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಬಳಸಿದ ಲೇಖನ  
ಚಿಹ್ನೆ...

ಅ) ಪೂರ್ಣವಿರಾಮ ಆ) ಅಲ್ಪವಿರಾಮ ಇ) ಭಾವಸೂಚಕ ಈ) ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಥಕ

೯. ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳು ಬಹಳ ಉತ್ತರದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾರುತ್ತವೆ. - ಗರೆಯಳದ ಪದದ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ  
ತಿಳಿಸಿ.

ಅ) ಪ್ರಥಮಾ ಆ) ದ್ವಿತೀಯಾ ಇ) ಸಪ್ತಮೀ ಈ) ತೃತೀಯಾ

೧೦. ಅತಿಯಾದ ಮಳೆಯಿಂದ ಕರೆ-ಕಟ್ಟೆ ತುಂಬಿ ಹರಿಯಿತು. - ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿರುವ  
ಜೋಡಿಪದ.

ಅ) ಅತಿಯಾದ ಆ) ಮಳೆಯಿಂದ ಇ) ಕರೆ-ಕಟ್ಟೆ ಈ) ಹರಿಯಿತು

**VI. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.**

5x1=5

೧. ದೊಡ್ಡದಾದ ಆಲದ ಮರವನ್ನು ನೋಡಲು ಫುಟ್ಟು ಮಕ್ಕಳು ಬಂದರು.  
(ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಭವಿಷ್ಯತ್ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಬದಲಿಸಿ)

೨. ಕಷ್ಟಪಟ್ಟರೆ ಫಲವುಂಟು. - ಈ ಗಾದೆಯ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

೩. ದೊಡ್ಡ ಗಾತ್ರದ ಗಾಡೆಗಳು ಐತಿ - (ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಗ್ರಂಥಸ್ಥ ರೂಪದಲ್ಲಿ  
ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

೪. ಇತಿಹಾಸ - ಈ ಪದವನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿ ಸ್ವಂತ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿರಿ

೫. ರಾಜನು ಸಂಭ್ರಮದಿಂದ ದೇವರ ಉತ್ಸವ ನಡೆಸಿದನು. (ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಲಿಂಗ  
ಬದಲಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

**VII ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ  
ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.**

5 x 1=5

೧. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ನಯಾಗರವೆಂದೇ \_\_\_\_\_ ಜಲಪಾತ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧವಾಗಿದೆ.

ಅ) ಜೋಗ ಆ) ಅಬ್ಬೆ ಇ) ಸಿರಿಮನೆ ಈ) ಗೋಕಾಕ್

೨. ವಜ್ರಪೂರ್ವ ಜಲಪಾತ \_\_\_\_\_ ನದಿಯಿಂದ ಉಂಟಾಗಿದೆ.  
ಅ) ಫಲಪುಭಾ ಆ) ಮಲಪುಭಾ ಇ) ಮಹಾದಾಯಿ ಈ) ಕಾಪೇರಿ

೩. ಗೋಕಾಕ್ ಜಲಪಾತವನ್ನು \_\_\_\_\_ ಎಂತಲೂ ಕರೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ.  
ಅ) ಧಭೆಧಭೆ/ಧಡಸಲು ಆ) ಡಬೆಡಬೆ/ತಡಸಲು  
ಇ) ದಬೆದಬೆ/ತಡಸಲು ಈ) ಡಬ್ ಡಬ್ / ಧಡಸಲು

೪. ಗೊಡಚಿನ ಮಲ್ಕಿ \_\_\_\_\_ ದಿಂದ ಮಾರ್ಕಂಡೇಯ ನದಿ ಉಂಟಾಗಿದೆ  
ಅ) ಬೆಟ್ಟದಿಂದ ಆ) ಕೊಳದಿಂದ ಇ) ಸರೋವರ ಈ) ಜಲಪಾತ

೫. ಬೆಳಗಾವಿ ಪುರಾತನ \_\_\_\_\_ ದೇಶದ ಭಾಗ.  
ಅ) ಕುಂತಳ ಆ) ಉಜ್ಜಯಿನಿ ಇ) ಕೋಸಲ ಈ) ವಾರಣಾಸಿ

ಭಾಗ-ಬಿ (೪೦ ಅಂಕಗಳು)

ವಿಭಾಗ-ಸಿ

ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ: ೧೨

VIII. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಮನೆಯ ಗೃಹಪ್ರವೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಆಹ್ವಾನಿಸಿ ಗೆಲೆಯ/ಗೆಲತಿಗೊಂದು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 1x4=4

IX. ಕೆಲಗಿನ ಚಿತ್ರವನ್ನು ಗಮನಿಸಿ, ೭-೮ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಅನಿಸಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. 1x4=4



1. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಒಂದು ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು  
ಓದಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಬಂಧ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

1x4=4

೧. ನಾನು ಸೈನಿಕನಾದರೆ ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ನನ್ನ ಕೊಡುಗೆ
೨. ಪುಸ್ತಕದ ಮಹತ್ವ
೩. ನೀರಿನ ಮಿತ ಬಳಕೆ

### ವಿಭಾಗ-ಡಿ

(ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ: ೨೮ ಅಂಕಗಳು)

XI. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಎರಡು-ಮೂರು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. 4x2=8

೧. ಸರ್ಪ ಯಾವ ಕಷ್ಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿಲುಕಿತ್ತು? ಆ ಕಷ್ಟದಿಂದ ಅದು ಹೇಗೆ ಪಾರಾಯಿತು?
೨. ಕವಿ ಕುವೆಂಪು ಜೀವನವನ್ನು ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಎರೆಯುವೆ ಎನ್ನುತ್ತಾರೆ? ಕುವೆಂಪುರವರ ಯಾವ ಕೃತಿಗೆ ಜ್ಞಾನಪೀಠ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ ದೊರೆತಿದೆ?
೩. ಶಾಸನಗಳು ಏನನ್ನು ಸಾರುತ್ತವೆ? ಕನ್ನಡ ಸೀಮೆಯ ಜನರ ಮನಸ್ಸು ಎಂತಹದ್ದು?
೪. ಅರಮನೆಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರವೇಶಿಸಿದ ಸಾಧುವಿಗೆ ಅಕ್ಕರ್ ಹೇಳಿದನು?

XII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಐದು-ಆರು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. 2x3=6

೧. ಕನ್ನಡ ನಾಡಿನ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಯ ನಿತ್ಯೋತ್ಸವವನ್ನು ಕವಿ ಏನೆಂದು ವರ್ಣಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ?
೨. ಸಾಧುವಿನ ಉತ್ತರಗಳಿಂದ ಸಂತಸಪಟ್ಟ ಅಕ್ಕರ್ ಏನು ಹೇಳಿದನು? ಸಾಧು ತನ್ನ ನಿಜರೂಪವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ತೋರಿಸಿದನು?

XIII. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಸಂದರ್ಭ ಸಹಿತ ವಿವರಿಸಿ. 2x3=6

೧. "ಬೇಕಿದ್ದರೆ ನಿನ್ನ ಪಾಲಿನ ಹಣ್ಣು ಹಾಲು ಕೊಡು".
೨. "ನನ್ನ ಮಂತ್ರಿ ಬೀರಬಲ್ ಕಾಣೆಯಾಗಿದ್ದಾನೆ".

XIV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಏಳು-ಎಂಟು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. 2x4=8

೧. ಕುವೆಂಪುರವರು ಭರತಭೂಮಿಯನ್ನು ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ವರ್ಣಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ?
೨. ಮಗು ಹುಡುಗನಿಗೆ ಅನ್ನದಾನದ ಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ತಿಳಿಸಿಕೊಟ್ಟಿತು?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION

SUBJECT: संस्कृतम्

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: 24/09/2025

CLASS & SECTION : 7 A/B/C

Marks: 60

ROLL NO: \_\_\_\_\_

Reading time: 15 MINUTES

No Of sides - 08

Writing time : 2HRS

सामान्या: सूचना: :-

- |                               |    |    |
|-------------------------------|----|----|
| • खण्ड क अपठितावबोधनम्        | -- | 10 |
| • खण्ड ख रचनात्मकं कार्यम्    | -- | 10 |
| • खण्ड ग अनुप्रयुक्तव्याकरणम् | -- | 20 |
| • खण्ड घ पठितावबोधनम्         | -- | 20 |



खण्ड: 'क' - अपठितगद्यांशः

I. अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत ।

नागार्जुनः प्रसिद्धः रसायनशास्त्रज्ञः चिकित्सकः च आसीत्। सः अहोरात्रं प्रयोगशालायां कार्यं करोति स्म। एकदा सः महाराजं निवेदितवान् - "महाराज! मम चिकित्साकार्याय एकः सहायकः आवश्यकः" इति। राजा एतद् अङ्गीकृतवान् उक्तवान् च 'अस्तु, अहं व्यवस्थां करोमि । श्वः केचन योग्याः युवकाः आगमिष्यन्ति। भवान् परीक्षां कृत्वा तेषु युवकेषु कमपि योग्यं स्वीकरोतु' इति।

A. एकपदेन उत्तरत ।

(4x½=2)

1. प्रसिद्धः रसायनशास्त्रज्ञः कः ? \_\_\_\_\_

2. चिकित्साकार्याय कः आवश्यकः ? \_\_\_\_\_

3. योग्याः के आगमिष्यन्ति ?

4. सः कं निवेदितवान् ?

(2X2=4)

B. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत ।

1. नागार्जुनाय राजा किम् उक्तवान् ?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. नागार्जुनः राजानं किं पृष्टवान् ?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

C. यथानिर्देशं उत्तरत

(4X1=4)

1. विख्यातः - पदस्य पर्यायपदम् किम् अत्र उपयुक्तम् - \_\_\_\_\_  
(चिकित्सकः, राजा, प्रसिद्धः)

2. अयोग्यः - पदस्य विरुद्धं पदम् अस्ति - \_\_\_\_\_  
(योग्यम्, योग्यः, न योग्यः)

3. सः अहोरात्रं कार्यं करोति - अत्र क्रियापदम् अस्ति - \_\_\_\_\_  
(अहोरात्रम्, करोति, नागार्जुनः)

4. आगमिष्यन्ति इत्यत्र वचनम् - \_\_\_\_\_  
(एकवचनम्, द्विवचनम्, बहुवचनम्)

खण्डः 'ख' - रचनात्मककार्यम्

II. चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा मञ्जूषायाः पदानि उपयुज्य 5 वाक्यानि पूरयत । (5X1=5)  
(मञ्जूषा - उत्सवः , दीपाः , बालकः , बालिका , , वर्णाः , सन्ति , क्रीडन्ति , करोति)



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III. वाक्यानि संस्कृते अनुवादं कुरुत ।

(5X1=5)

01	My name is Sia. मेरा नाम सिया है।	
02	यह मेरा घर है। This is my house.	
03	Where are you? तुम कहाँ हो?	
04	I am going to school. मैं स्कूल जा रहा हूँ।	
05	I like mangoes. मुझे आम पसंद हैं।	

खण्ड: 'ग' - अनुप्रयुक्तव्याकरणम्

IV. उचित - विभक्तिरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।

(10X1=10)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ पठन्ति । (छात्राः, छात्रान्, छात्रः)
2. माता \_\_\_\_\_ पचति । (अन्नम्, अन्नेन, अन्नस्य)
3. सर्वे जनाः \_\_\_\_\_ चलन्ति । (नयनाभ्याम्, पादाभ्याम्, यानाभ्याम्)
4. कृषकः \_\_\_\_\_ तृणानि ददाति । (अजाय, अजायाः, अजायाम्)
5. \_\_\_\_\_ वृष्टिः पतति । (आकाशः, आकाशाय, आकाशात्)
6. \_\_\_\_\_ पुत्रौ लवकुशौ । (रामाय, रामे, रामस्य)
7. \_\_\_\_\_ नाम गौरी । (मम, अहं, माम्)
8. \_\_\_\_\_ शिवेन सह आगच्छति । (गणेशं, गणेशः, गणेशाः)

9. फलानि \_\_\_\_\_ सन्ति । (वृक्षः, वृक्षं, वृक्षे)

10. गृहे \_\_\_\_\_ सन्ति । (यानानि, यानस्य, याने)

V. उचित-धातुरूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत ।

(10x1=10)

धावति		
	धावथः	
धावामि		धावामः

भविष्यति		भविष्यन्ति
	भविष्यथः	
		भविष्यामः

VI अधोलिखितम् गद्यांशं पद्यांशं च पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत -

(5+5)

भारतमातुः हस्ते विलसति भारतमातुः त्रिवर्णयुतः राष्ट्रध्वजः । अहो अस्य शोभा ! अस्मिन् राष्ट्रध्वजे केशरः, श्वेतः, हरितः च वर्णाः विराजन्ते । ध्वजस्य मध्ये सुन्दरं नीलवर्णं चक्रमपि शोभते । ध्वजे विराजमानाः वर्णाः चक्रं च विशिष्टं सन्देशं प्रयच्छन्ति ।

त्रिवर्णध्वजस्य ऊर्ध्वभागे विराजते केशरवर्णः । एषः वर्णः त्यागपरम्परायाः शौर्यपरम्परायाः च सूचकः अस्ति । ये भारतमातुः आजीवनं सेवां कृतवन्तः, देशस्य स्वतन्त्रतां प्राप्तुं सहर्षं स्वप्राणान् अर्पितवन्तः च, तेषां वीराणां बलिदानं सूचयति एषः वर्णः । 'जयतु सैनिकः' इति वक्तुम् अस्मान् प्रेरयति ध्वजस्थितः अयं केशरवर्णः ।

(5X1=5)

प्रश्नाः -

1. राष्ट्रध्वजः कुत्र विलसति ?

2. चक्रस्य वर्णः कः ?

3. केशरवर्णः कस्य सूचकः अस्ति ?

4. केशरवर्णः केषां बलिदानं सूचयति ?

5. केशरवर्णः अस्मान् किं वक्तुं प्रेरयति ?

उत्तरं यत् समुद्रस्य हिमाद्रेश्चैव दक्षिणम् ।  
वर्षं तद् भारतं नाम भारती यत्र सन्ततिः ॥४॥

प्रश्नाः-

(5X1=5)

1. समुद्रस्य उत्तरस्यां दिशि किम् अस्ति ?

2. भारतीय सन्ततेः नाम किम् ?

3. हिमालयस्य दक्षिणभागे कः अस्ति ?

4. हिमालयः पदस्य पर्यायः कः ?

\_\_\_\_\_

5. 'दक्षिणम्' इत्यस्य विलोमपदम् किम् ?

\_\_\_\_\_

VII श्लोकांशान् यथोचितं योजयन्तु ।

(5x1=5)

1. निद्रा तन्द्रा भयं क्रोधः

अ. नरो भवति पूजितः

2. जलबिन्दुनिपातेन

आ. सर्वे तुष्यन्ति जन्तवः

3. विद्या तपोभ्याम् भूतात्मा

इ. क्रमशः पूर्यते घटः

4. वकारैः पञ्चभिर्युकोत्

ई. बुद्धिज्ञानिने शुद्ध्यति

5. प्रियवाक्यप्रदानेन

ऊ. आलस्यं दीर्घसूत्रता

VIII अकारान्त-पुंलिङ्गशब्दस्य चतुर्थी-विभक्त्यन्तैः रूपैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -

(5x1=5)

1. \_\_\_\_\_ नमः ।

(भास्करात्, भास्कराय, भास्करस्य)

2. \_\_\_\_\_ नमः ।

(रवये, रवेः, रविं)

3. \_\_\_\_\_ नमः ।

(मरीचये , मरीची , मरीचम)

4. \_\_\_\_\_ नमः ।

(सूर्यात् , सूर्यस्य , सूर्याय)

5. \_\_\_\_\_ नमः ।

(आदित्यस्य , आदित्यम् , आदित्याय)

\*\*\*\*\* शुभमस्तु \*\*\*\*\*



**SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU.**  
**HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION -2025-26**

**Subject: Mathematics**

**Class: VII**

**Max marks: 80**

**Date:15/09/2025**

**Reading time:15 min**

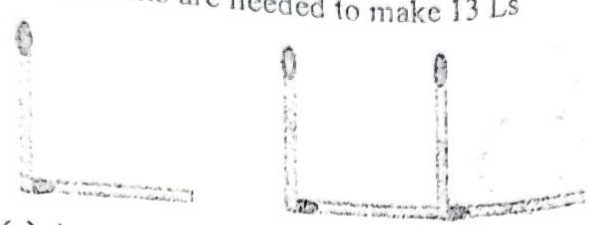
**No. of printed sides:5**

**Writing time: 2hr 30 min**

**General Instructions:**

1. This question paper contains 38 questions. All Questions are compulsory.
2. This Question Paper is divided into 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.
3. In Section A, Question numbers 1-18 are multiple choice questions (MCQs) and question no.19 and 20 are Assertion- Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
4. In Section B, Question numbers 21-25 are very short answer (VSA) type questions, carrying 02 marks each.
5. In Section C, Question numbers 26-31 are short answer (SA) type questions, carrying 03 marks each.
6. In Section D, Question numbers 32-35 are long answer (LA) type questions, carrying 05 marks each.
7. In Section E, Question numbers 36-38 are case study-based questions carrying 4 marks each with sub parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
8. There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of Section B, 2 questions of Section C and 2 questions of Section D has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in all the 2 marks questions of Section E.
9. Draw neat and clean figures wherever required.

SECTION-A		Marks
1	In the following which is not a part of the Indian place value system (a) Crores (b) Millions (c) lakhs (d) Thousands	1
2	Which of the following expressions is equal to $-9$ (a) $(-4) + (-5)$ (b) $4 - 13$ (c) $(-3) \times 3$ (d) All of the above	1
3	If a number is rounded off to the nearest thousand and the result is 47,000, which of the following could be the original number? (a) 46,499 (b) 46,500 (c) 47,500 (d) 47,501	1
4	Which of the following numbers is equal to 1 crore? (a) 10,000,000 (b) 1,000,000 (c) 100,000 (d) 1,000	1
5	The property illustrated by the expression is $Term1 + (Term2 + Term3) = (Term1 + Term2) + Term3$ (a) Commutative Property (b) Associative Property (c) Distributive Property (d) Identity Property	1
6	Which of the following numbers represents one Arab in the Indian number system (a) 10,00,00,000 (b) 1,00,00,00,000 (c) 1,00,00,00,00,000 (d) 1,00,00,000	1
7	The decimal form of $\frac{1}{100}$ is (a) 0.01 (b) 0.1 (c) 100.0 (d) 0.001	1
8	P is subtracted from the sum of s and 9 is (a) $(s + 9) - p$ (b) $p - (s + 9)$ (c) $p - (s - 9)$ (d) $p + (s + 9)$	1
9	What does the expression "2x" mean? (a) $x + 2$ (b) $x - 2$ (c) x divided by 2 (d) 2 times x	1
10	A watermelon weighs 4.6 kg and a muskmelon weighs 2.8 kg. What is the total weight of the two fruits? (a) 7.2 kg (b) 7.3 kg (c) 7.4 kg (d) 7.5 kg	1

11	A rope is 25 m long. What is its length in cm? (a) 250 cm (b) 200.5 cm (c) 2,500 cm (d) 25 cm	1
12	The area of a rectangle whose length is 20m and breadth is 2m more than its length (a) 40 sq.m (b) 440 sq.m (c) 44 sq.m (d) 42 sq.m	1
13	In the American number system, how many zeros are there in one billion (a) 7 (b) 9 (c) 8 (d) 10	1
14	In the following the greatest number is (a) 4.305 (b) 4.35 (c) 4.053 (d) 4.3051	1
15	If a pen costs ₹p, what will be the cost of 4 pens? (a) p + 4 (b) 4p (c) p + 4 (d) p - 4	1
16	Ravi is making matchstick patterns. He repeatedly places Ls next to each other. Each L has two matchsticks as shown in the figure, How many matchsticks are needed to make 13 Ls 	1
17	Choose the correct option to make an expression equals to zero $-885 + \square = 0$ (a) 885 (b) -88 (c) 88 (d) -885	1
18	If the length of each side of a square is x meters, then the perimeter of the square is (a) $(x \times 4)$ m (b) $(x - 4)$ m (c) $(4 - x)$ m (d) $(4 \div x)$ m	1
19	Assertion (A): The sum of two negative integers is always negative. Reason (R): When you add two negative integers, you add their magnitudes and assign a negative sign (e.g., $-7 + (-4) = -11$ ). (a) Both assertion and reason are true, and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion (b) Both assertion and reason are true, but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion (c) Assertion is true, and the reason is false (d) Assertion is false, and the reason is true	1
20	Assertion (A): 0.90 and 0.9 are equal. Reason (R): Adding zero after a decimal at the end it changes the value of the number. (a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A (b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A (c) A is true, but R is false (d) A is false, but R is true	1

**SECTION-B**

21	Using the digits 1,2,3,4,5 exactly once, form a 5-digit largest possible number and swap any two digit to make the smallest possible number (OR) When a 3-digit number is multiplied with a 4-digit number, how many digits answer do you get. a) Minimum b) Maximum	2
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22	A mar
23	Con
24	

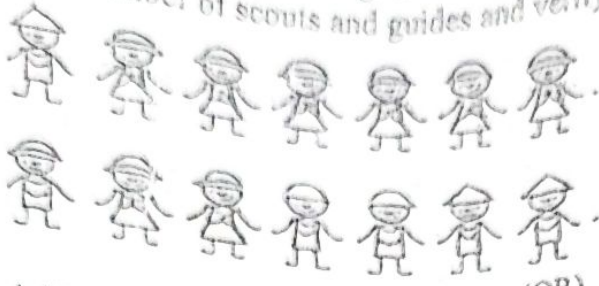
22	A man saves ₹150 every week. How much will he save in 8 weeks?	2
23	Convert 12.456 into decimal fraction and expand	2
24	Navin is 23 years old. Find the age after a) 9 years b) x years (OR) Find out the sum of the numbers given in each picture below in at least two different ways.	2
25	Identify and write the decimal numbers for letters A, B, C and D	2
<b>SECTION-C</b>		
26	The mass of book A is 890 g and the mass of book B is 550g. Find the total mass of 3 copies of book A and 5 copies of book B	3
27	When $p = 7$ , $q = 1$ and $r = 3$ find the value of $\frac{10pq-r+2}{pq-2}$ (OR) a) Lisa walks 2 km and later 5000 m. How far did she walk in meters total? b) Convert 128mm to cm c) Convert 45kg to grams	3
28	Observe the sequence and write the next 3 terms. a) 12.45, 11.95, 11.45, _____, _____, _____.	3
29	(a) How many thousandths make one unit? (b) How many thousandths make one tenth? (c) How many thousandths make one hundredth? (OR) Arrange the following in Ascending order $\frac{13}{10}, \frac{6}{10}, \frac{55}{100}, 7\frac{4}{10}, 2\frac{1}{100}, 4\frac{1}{10}$	3
30	Simplify the following expression $63 + 3(12m - 3n) - 9n - 4m - 11$	3
31	Rani adds 4536 and 2369. Her friend adds 2369 and 4536. Will both get the same answer? Name the property used and verify the property?	3

SECTION-D

32

In a parade, boy scouts march in 5 rows with 16 scouts each, and girl guides march in 5 rows with 12 guides each. Write two different expressions for the total number of scouts and guides and verify they give the same value

5



(OR)

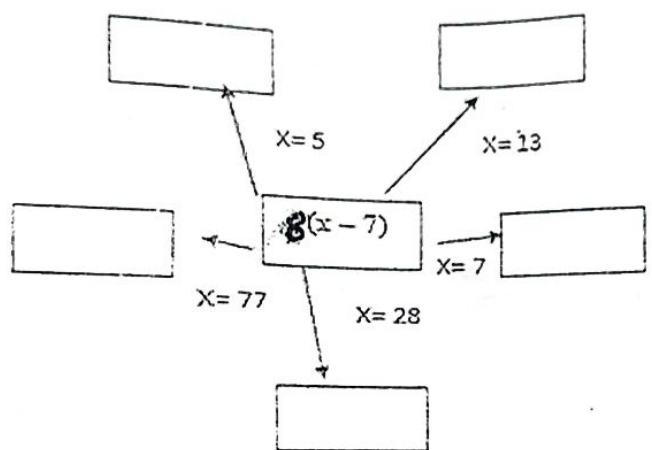
A library has 1,25,789 books in English, 98,765 books in Hindi, and 67,890 books in other languages.

- a) Find the total number of books in library
- b) If 10,000 books are damaged and removed, how many books are left in the library?
- c) Write Number name of total books and remaining books in Indian number system

33

Study the given below picture and find the value of each case

5



34

- Use 5,8,0,7 and 4 digits without repetition and make a
- a) greatest 5-digit number
  - b) Smallest 5-digit number
  - c) find the sum of greatest and smallest number
  - d) find the difference of greatest and smallest number
  - e) find the product of smallest number and 1000

5

35

Radha is preparing for a cycling race and practices daily. The first week she cycles 5km every day. Every week she increases the daily distance cycled by 'x' km. How many kilometers would Radha have cycled after 3 weeks?

5

(OR)

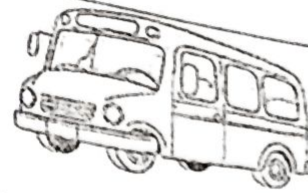
Subtract  $9a - 6b + 14$  from the sum of  $6a + 9b - 18$  and  $5a - 4b - 2$   
 Also find the value of expression if  $a = 2$  and  $b = 3$

SECTION-E (Case study)

36

A. bus travels the following distances in a day:

- From City A to City B: 48.75 km
- From City B to City C: 36.40 km
- From City C to City D: 59.85 km



- a) What is the total distance the bus travels from City A to City D (via B and C)?
- b) If the bus makes this trip every day for 3 days, how much total distance does it cover?
- c) If the bus uses 1 Liter of fuel for every 5 km, how many Liters of fuel does it use in one trip?

1  
1  
2

(OR)

If fuel costs ₹90.00 per Liter, what is the cost of fuel for one day's trip?

37

Reya designs a triangular light frame for a festival gate. The frame has two equal glowing side bars. The base light strip is 2 cm longer than the side bars



- a) Let the side bar length be  $x$  cm. Express the base length using  $x$ .
- b) Write an expression for the total length of the light strip used.
- c) If the total length of the light strip is 20 cm, what is the length of each side and the base?

1  
1  
2

(OR)

If the side bars are 8 cm, find the base and total length of the light frame

38

Ramesh has ₹5,000 in his savings account. Over the next week, he makes the following transactions:

- Day 1: Deposits ₹2,300
- Day 2: Withdraws ₹3,500
- Day 3: Deposits ₹1,200
- Day 4: Withdraws ₹4,800



- a) Calculate Ramesh's Day 2 Balance
- b) Find total deducted amount

1  
1  
2

- c) Whether the account ever went into a negative balance, and by how much (final balance after all transactions)

(OR)

Find his total deposited amount on day 1 and day 3 and subtract it from his savings amount.

\*\*\*\*\*



**SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU.**  
**HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2025-26)**  
**SUBJECT: SCIENCE**

Class: VII

Date: 19.09.2025

No. of Printed sides: 6

Max marks: 80

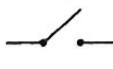

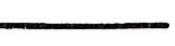

Reading time: 15 min


Writing time: 2hr 30 min

General Instructions:

(i) This question paper consists of 39 questions in 3 sections. Section A is Physics, Section B is Chemistry and Section C is Biology.

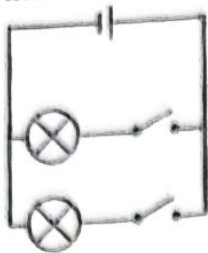
(ii) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.

Q. No.	SECTION -A	Marks
1	What happens when a switch is turned on in a circuit? A. It creates electricity B. It completes the circuit, allowing current to flow C. It stores electricity in the wires D. It increases the voltage of the battery	1
2	Ice melts faster on a metal surface compared to a wooden surface because A. metal absorbs heat faster than wood. B. wood reflects heat, slowing melting. C. metal conducts heat better than wood. D. wood transfers heat to the ice faster.	1
3	How does urbanization affect the seepage of water into the ground? A. It increases seepage due to installation of better drainage systems. B. It decreases seepage due to construction of impermeable surfaces like concrete. C. It has no significant effect on seepage. D. It increases seepage due to the reduction of vegetation.	1
4	Filament of an electric bulb is made up of: A. Iron      B. Copper      C. Tungsten      D. Nichrome	1
5	Room heaters usually placed near the floor of a room because A. Warm air rises, creating a convection current that heats the room evenly. B. Cool air sinks, preventing the heater from overheating. C. Placing the heater near the floor reduces energy consumption. D. Warm air sinks, making the floor the best location for heating.	1
6	Which symbol represents electrical switch in 'OFF' position? A.  B.  C.  D. 	1

7	<p>Why are copper wires commonly used in electric circuits?</p> <p>A. They are not abundant B. Poor conductors C. Strong insulation D. Excellent conductivity</p>	1
	<p>The following two questions consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:</p> <p>(A) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. (B) Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A (C) A is true but R is false. (D) A is false but R is true.</p>	
8	<p><b>Assertion (A):</b> A glowing bulb becomes warm after being used for some time. <b>Reason (R):</b> Electric current produces heat when passing through the filament.</p>	1
9	<p><b>Assertion (A):</b> Radiation is the only mode of heat transfer that can occur in a vacuum. <b>Reason (R):</b> Radiation does not require a medium for the heat transfer.</p>	1
10	<p>In the arrangements A and B shown in Figure, pins P and Q are fixed to a metal loop and an iron rod with the help of wax. In which case are both the pins likely to fall at different times? Justify your answer.</p> 	2
11	<p><b>Attempt either option A or B</b></p> <p>A. The handle of metallic kettle covered with strips of cane. Give reason.</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>B. While constructing a house in a coastal area, in which direction should the windows preferably face and why?</p>	2
12	<p>What is the difference between conduction and convection in terms of particle movement?</p>	2
13	<p>(i) You are given three cells. Draw a diagram showing the correct way to connect them to form a battery. (ii) You have a torch with an incandescent bulb that does not glow. When you shake the torch, you hear a rattling sound. What could be the problem with the bulb?</p>	3
14	<p>(i) At a camp site, there are tents of two shades – one made with black fabric and the other with white fabric. Which one would you prefer for resting on a hot summer afternoon? Give reason for your choice. Would you like to prefer the same tent during winter? Comment. (ii) You are given a thick blanket and a combination of two thin blankets joined together. Which one of these two blankets will you choose and why?</p>	3

15

Attempt either option B or C  
 Jiya is decorating her house with two bright bulbs B1 and B2. She connects them in the following circuit.



She experiments with the switches in the different ways to see what happens to the bulbs when:

- A. (i) S1 is OFF and S2 is ON?  
 (ii) S1 is ON and S2 is OFF?  
 (iii) Both S1 and S2 are OFF?  
 (iv) Both S1 and S2 are ON?

B. When you connect an LED bulb in a circuit, why is it important to connect it in the correct direction? What will happen if you connect it the wrong way?

**OR**

C. How are incandescent bulbs different from LED bulbs?

4

16

Attempt either option A or B.

A. (i) Describe the journey of a single water droplet from a river to a cloud and back to the Earth as rain.

(ii) How does rainwater reach and fill the underground layer of water and what is the underground storage of water called as?

**OR**

B. (i) Imagine there was no Sun. How would it affect the water cycle? Explain your answer.

(ii) Differentiate between sea breeze and land breeze.

5

### SECTION-B

17 The maximum number of electrons that can be accommodated in the L orbit  
 A. 8 B.12 C.18 D. 2

1

18 What is the order of arrangement of elements in the periodic table?  
 A. Increase in valency B. Decrease in atomic mass  
 C. Increase in atomic number D. Decrease in the number of atomic shells

1

19 Which one of the following fruits is best source of Ascorbic acid?  
 A. Spinach B. Grapes C. Unripe mangoes D. Amla

1

20 The atomic number of Phosphorus is \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. 12 B. 13 C. 14 D. 15

1

21 Litmus, a natural dye, is an extract of which of the following?  
 A. Red hibiscus B. Lichen C. Beetroot D. Purple cabbage

1

22 Products of a neutralization reaction are always:

1

23	<p>A. an acid and a base C. a salt and water</p> <p>B. an acid and a salt D. a salt and a base</p> <p>Sting of an ant contains A. Vinegar B. Common salt C. Formic acid D. Baking soda.</p>	1
	<p>The following two questions consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:</p> <p>A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. B. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is true but R is false. D. A is false but R is true.</p>	
24	<p>Assertion (A): All bitter substances are basic. Reason (R): Bitterness is a sign of base.</p>	1
25	<p>Identify the set of atoms from the following, which have same number of neutrons.</p> <p><math>^{23}_{11}\text{Y}</math>                      <math>^{28}_{14}\text{Y}</math>                      <math>^{24}_{12}\text{Y}</math>                      <math>^{27}_{13}\text{Y}</math></p>	2
26	<p><b>Attempt either option A or B</b></p> <p>A. (i) Tanya crushed china rose petals and soaked them in warm water to prepare a natural indicator solution. She then dipped paper strips into the solution and used them to test vinegar and soap water. What changes did she observe in the color of the paper strips for each substance and what does this indicate about the nature of vinegar and soap water? ii) Name the acid present in a lemon</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>B. Three liquids are given to you. One is vinegar, another is a baking soda solution, and the third is a sugar solution. Can you identify them only using turmeric paper? Explain.</p>	3
27	<p>(i) Describe the location and composition of the nuclear and extranuclear region in an atom. (ii) An atom is electrically neutral. Give reason.</p>	3
28	<p><b>Attempt either option C or D</b></p> <p>Class 7 students visited nearby agricultural farms; farm A and farm B. They observed that some crops were not growing well. They realized that the soil of the field in farm A was too acidic and farm B was too basic.</p> <p>A. What can the farmer do to improve acidic soil and basic soil? B. Sometimes, the soil may be neutral, but the plants growing in it still show poor health. Give a reason for that. C. What does the change from red litmus to blue indicate about the nature of the soil?</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>D. How can the acidic nature of factory waste be neutralized?</p>	4

**Attempt either option A or B.**

- A.(i) Diagrammatically represent the following elements and write their electronic configuration (a) Boron (b) Nitrogen  
 (ii) Identify an element with (a) 5 electrons in 'M' shell. (b) Fully filled 'K' shell.

5

**OR**

- B.(i) Name three elements whose symbols are derived from their Latin names. Mention their Latin names too.  
 (ii) An element has 9 protons and 10 neutrons. Identify the element and find the mass number.

**SECTION-C**

30 ----- helps in the release of energy from food?  
 A. Excretion B. Respiration C. Nutrition D. Digestion

1

31 Which of the following is a characteristic of a scientific mindset  
 A. Avoiding mistakes  
 B. Accepting everything as it is  
 C. Being curious and asking questions.  
 D. Memorizing the facts in the book.

1

**The following two questions consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:**

- A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.  
 B. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.  
 C. A is true but R is false.  
 D. A is false but R is true.

32 **Assertion (A):** The liver helps in the digestion of proteins.  
**Reason (R):** The liver produces bile, which breaks down fat into tiny droplets.

1

33 The table given below provides the information about the breathing rate of Saloni during various activities. For which activity does she need more energy? Explain with the help of data given in the table.

	Breathing rate (times per minute)
Sleeping	15
Cycling	30
Jogging	45
Reading	20

2

34 **Attempt either option A or B**  
 A. Science plays a crucial role in addressing environmental challenges. Explain the statement with a suitable example.

**OR**

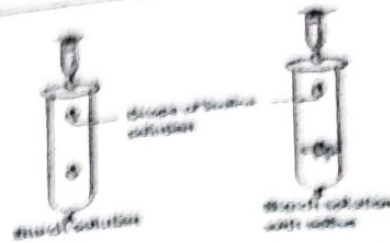
B. Explain the term 'Scientific thinking'

2

35 Take 1 ml starch solution (1%) in two test tubes (A and B) as shown in the diagram.  
 Add 1 ml saliva to test tube B and leave both test tubes undisturbed for 20-

3

30 minutes. Now add a few drops of dilute iodine solution to the test tubes.  
 (i) In which test tube do you observe a colour change?  
 (ii) Explain why?



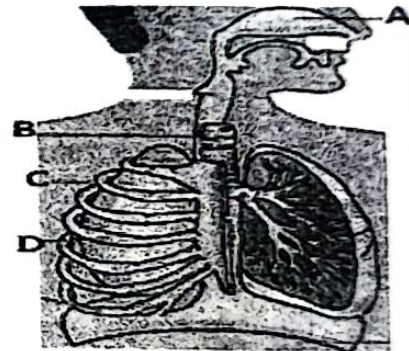
36 (i) Animals exhibit variations in the structure and function of the alimentary canal to adapt to digesting different kinds of food. Justify the statement with a suitable example.  
 (ii) It is advised not to talk or laugh while eating. Give reason

37 (i) How did observations of light and shadows influence early humans in understanding of the natural world?  
 (ii) Identify the device given below which is used to observe tiny organisms.

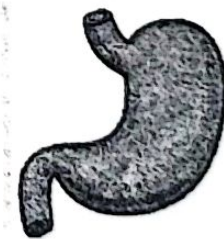


38 **Attempt either option C or D**  
 Aryan accidentally left a bowl of water on the window side. After two days, the water vanished. Confused Aryan, checked for leaks but found none. His mother smiled and told him to think scientifically.  
 (A) What happened to the water in the bowl?  
 (B) List any two factors that speed up this process.  
 (C) Is the above process reversible or irreversible? Justify.  
**OR**  
 (D) Give any two real -life examples where the above-mentioned process is useful.

39 **Attempt either option A or B**  
 A. (i) Label the different parts of the human respiratory system shown below.  
 (ii) Breathing is a physical process, while respiration is a chemical process. Justify  
 (iii) Name the respiratory organ present in the following organisms  
 (a) Earth worm (b) Tadpole



**OR**  
 B. (i) (a) How might the structure of the villi in the small intestine support their function? What could happen if they were damaged?  
 (b) Identify the organ shown in the above diagram.  
 (ii) Mention the secretions of the above organ and what role does each play in the process of digestion?





**SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU**  
**HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION: 2025-26**  
**SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE (087)**

DATE: 17/09/2025  
CLASS: VII  
NO OF PRINTED SIDES: 5

MARKS: 80  
READING TIME: 15 minutes  
WRITING TIME: 3 hrs

**General Instructions:**

1. There are 38 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper has Four Sections – A- History, B-Geography C- Civics and D- Economics.
3. Section A and B are of 25 Marks each and Section C and D are of 15 marks each. Each Section has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.
4. Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
5. Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
6. Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
7. There are case based questions (CBQ) with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
8. The map-based questions, carry 5 marks with two parts- Q12. In Section A-History (2 marks) and Q25. In Section B -Geography (3 marks)
9. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.

Q.No	Section -A HISTORY	25
1	Which of these statements about the varṇa-jāti system is correct? a. Varṇa refers to a person's professional group only b. Jāti was a flexible occupational group c. Both varṇa and jāti divided society by occupation and hierarchy d. Only Brahmins were part of the jāti system	1
2	If you were a governor of a province in the Mauryan Empire, which duties would you perform? a. Collect taxes and maintain law and order.	1

	b. Lead religious ceremonies exclusively c. Write literature for the empire d. Build only temples	
3	The first coins in India were known as: a. Gold coins    b. Punch-marked coins    c. Copper coins    d. Silver coins	
4	A person travelling from Kanyakumari to Badrinath is undertaking: a. A political expedition    b. A trade journey c. A pilgrimage    d. A historical research trip	
5	What was the main purpose of dividing an empire into provinces? a. To weaken local rulers b. To ensure better governance and control c. To encourage trade with foreign nations d. To expand the empire	1
6	The Mahabodhi Stupa is located in which Indian city? a. Sanchi    b. Bodh Gaya    c. Amritsar    d. Ajmer	2
7	Imagine you are an ancient Indian ruler planning to expand your city into a prosperous urban center. How would you use iron tools and weapons to improve both agriculture and defence? Write any two ideas.	3
8	How did sacred geography promote cultural integration in India and how does it contribute to environmental protection?	3
9	Explain why the Ganga plains were important for the growth of mahajanapadas.	5
10	What were the values and principles that guided the emperors from the age of reorganisation? Any 5 points  OR Describe the cultural developments that took place during the Age of Reorganisation.	
11	<b>Read the given text and answer the following questions:</b> India has long been known for its rich tapestry of sacred places, where religion, culture, and geography intersect. From the snow-capped peaks of the Himalayas to the fertile banks of the Ganga, these sites attract pilgrims and travellers alike. Temples, shrines, and holy rivers have guided the lives of millions for centuries, becoming centers for festivals, spiritual learning, and cultural exchange. Many sacred sites are linked to stories of saints, sages, or divine events, and people often travel great distances to participate in rituals, ceremonies, or festivals held there. These journeys also allow people to meet others from different regions, share local customs, and experience diverse traditions, creating a sense of shared cultural identity across the subcontinent. 1. What is the Maha Kumbh Mela, and how often is it held? 2. Mention the purpose behind visiting these sacred sites. 3. Explain the social significance of these tirthas.	1 1 2
12	<b>MAP SKILL BASED QUESTION</b> Two places A and B have been marked on the given outline map of India. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map.	2

Section - B GEOGRAPHY		
	A. The capital of Magadha, a major kingdom in the Ganga plains B. The capital of the Avanti Mahajanapada in the Deccan region	
13	Which of the following is the oldest landmass of India? a. The Northern Plains b. The Himalayas c. The Peninsular Plateau d. The Thar Desert	25 1
14	Name the Indian islands that have developed on coral formations a. Andaman & Nicobar b. Lakshadweep c. Maldives d. Nicobar only	1
15	Identify the Indian mountain range that dates back approximately 2.5 billion years. a. Himalaya b. Western Ghats c. Aravalli d. Eastern Ghats	1
16	The river that originates from Gaumukh is known as a. Yamuna b. Bhagirathi c. Brahmaputra d. Narmada	1
17	Assertion (A): The Ganga-Brahmaputra delta is one of the most fertile regions of the world. Reason (R): It is formed by the deposition of alluvium brought down by rivers.  a. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A b. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A c. A is true, but R is false d. A is false, but R is true	1
18	Identify the Indian state which is famous for "living root bridges"? a. Sikkim b. Meghalaya c. Arunachal Pradesh d. Nagaland	1
19	The mountain range that separates the Northern Plains from the Deccan Plateau is a. Vindhyas b. Himalayas c. Nilgiri d. Western Ghats	1
20	Name a lagoon located in the eastern coast of India.  a. Vembanad Lake b. Chilika Lake c. Dal Lake d. Sambhar Lake	1
21	Mention two problems faced by the people living in the Himalayan region.	2
22	Imagine you are a farmer in the Gangetic plains. How would rivers benefit your farming practices?	3
23	List the effects of India's geographical diversity in the lives of the people. <b>OR</b> Explain the significance of coastal plains and islands for India's trade, tourism, and culture.	5
24	<b>Read the given text and answer the following questions:</b>  Two cousins, Ramesh and Tsering, live in different parts of India. Ramesh stays in a region where the land is flat and very fertile, with several rivers flowing through it. His village has good irrigation facilities, and agriculture is the main occupation of most people. Tsering, on the other hand, lives in a	

	<p>region with very cold and dry conditions. People here mostly depend on animals and a few hardy crops. Tourism also plays an important role in the local economy.</p> <p>1. Name the type of physical region where Ramesh lives.  2. Why is farming difficult in Tsering's region?  3. Compare the lifestyle of both cousins living in two different regions of India. (Any two points)</p>	1 1 2
25	<p>On the same outline map of India locate and label the following:</p> <p>I. The state where the Sunderban delta is located.  II. The following physical features:  1. The Aravalli Hills  2. The Eastern Ghats</p>	3  15
26	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Section -C CIVICS</b></p> <p>Which of these is the best reason why democracy is better than dictatorship?</p> <p>a. Dictators have more power  b. Democracy ensures citizens can participate and question decisions  c. Dictators are stronger  d. Democracy is faster in decision-making</p>	1
27	<p>Illustrate which example best demonstrates the principle of separation of powers?</p> <p>a. Legislature makes laws, executive implements them, judiciary interprets them.  b. King makes all laws  c. Military controls legislature and judiciary  d. Citizens make all decisions directly</p>	1
28	<p>In which of the following countries are laws and decisions based mainly on religion?</p> <p>a. Canada      b. Vatican City      c. Australia      d. Japan</p>	1
29	List three roles of the government in our lives.	3
30	<p>Compare democracy and dictatorship on five points.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>What are the different types of government? Write one sentence about how each one of them work.</p>	5
31	<p><b>Read the given text and answer the following questions:</b></p> <p>The Kingdom of Aranya was known for its lush forests, fertile plains, and bustling trade routes. The kingdom was ruled by King Viren, who was assisted by a council of ministers. While the king made major decisions, village elders were consulted for local issues. Over time, citizens began requesting a greater say in matters like taxation and justice. To accommodate these demands, the king introduced assemblies at local and regional levels, allowing representatives to voice concerns. Despite these</p>	

	reforms, some regions of Aranya remained under the strict authority of the king, while others experienced more participatory governance.	
	1. What is the term for a government where the ruler has complete authority?	1
	2. Give an example of a governing body that advises the ruler.	1
	3. Explain why a king might consult local elders before making decisions.	2
	<b>Section -D ECONOMICS</b>	<b>15</b>
32	Which of the following shows the correct chain of distribution of goods from producer to consumer? a. Farmer → Trader → Shopkeeper → Consumer b. Consumer → Shopkeeper → Farmer → Trader c. Shopkeeper → Consumer → Producer d. Producer → Wholesaler → Retailer → Consumer	1
33	Which of the following is NOT a feature of weekly markets? a. They sell goods at cheaper rates. b. They open only once a week. c. They provide branded products with air-conditioned shops. d. They have many types of goods available in one place.	1
34	What is one disadvantage associated with shopping malls? a. They provide branded goods. b. They are usually air-conditioned. c. They are not affordable for everyone. d. They provide many choices under one roof.	1
35	Why do neighbourhood shopkeepers often give credit to regular customers?	2
36	A shirt is priced at ₹600 in a shopping mall and ₹450 in a weekly market. Analyse two reasons why the prices may differ.	2
37	Do you think malls and supermarkets are accessible to everyone in India? Give three reasons to support your answer.	3
38	Suggest some ways in which the government can support street vendors and hawkers so they can earn a better living. OR Explain Market. Write in brief about any 3 main safety standard bodies in Indian Market.	5

Map for Q. no. 12 (Section A) & Q. no. 25 (Section B)





# SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

Half Yearly Examination 2025-26

Subject: Computer Science

Class:7

Date: 10/09/2025

No of Printed Sides: 3

Marks: 30

Reading Time: 15 Min.

Writing Time: 1 Hour

## Instructions:

1. Read all questions carefully.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Write neatly in the given order.

I.	Choose the correct answer	5X1=5
1.	How many digits are there in octal number system? (a) Four (0-3) (b) Eight (0-7) (c) Ten (0-9) (d) Sixteen (0-9 and A-F)	1
2.	Which type of computer is the most powerful in the world, used for complex research and forecasting. (a) Supercomputer (b) Server (c) Mainframe Computer (d) Tablets	1
3.	Which of the following shows the syntax of an assignment statement? (a) $C = A+B$ (b) $A+B = C+D$ (c) $A+B = C$ (d) $int = A$	1
4.	Which of the following is a correct variable name? (a) 2Bad (b) #name (c) if (d) Name	1
5.	What is meant by "sequencing" in programming? (a) A programming structure where steps are performed in a specific order. (b) A feature in a program that generate incorrect output. (c) A programming structure that repeats itself until a certain condition is met. (d) All the above.	1

<b>II.</b>	<b>Answer in following.</b>	<b>5X1=5</b>
1.	What do we call a single binary digit?	1
2.	Name the workspace area in the Windows interface is where you can place files, folders, and shortcuts.	1
3.	What does the term "bug" mean in programming?	1
4.	In the Hexadecimal number system, what does the symbol 'A' represent?	1
5.	What is the base of the Octal number system?	1
		<b>5X2=10</b>
<b>III.</b>	<b>Answer the following</b>	
1.	Explain the characteristics and key components of the fourth generation of computers.	2
2.	Write down four best practices that you think one should follow while declaring variables.	2
3.	Explain what an algorithm is with the help of an example.	2
4.	What are loops? What are the different types of loops?	2
5.	Name any four internal and external components in a computer system.	2
		<b>3x2=6</b>
<b>IV.</b>	<b>High order thinking question</b>	
1.	Convert the decimal number 230 to Binary	2
2.	Find the 2's compliment of the binary number 1010110	2
3.	Add the below two binary number $\begin{array}{r} 1\ 1\ 0\ 1 \\ +\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$	2
<b>V</b>	<b>Do as directed(any 4)</b>	<b>4x1=4</b>
1.	Write the output for the below code snippet <pre>x=10 if x &gt; 10:     print (" x is greaterthan 10") elif x&lt;10:     print(" x is less than 10") else:</pre>	<b>1</b>

	<code>print(" x is equal to 10")</code>	
2.	Write the steps to create a <i>variable</i> in <i>PictoBlox</i>	1
3.	Name two fundamental data types in <i>Programming</i> .	1
4.	Which block is used from sensing palette in <i>PictoBlox</i> to accept input from the user ?	1
5.	Write the keyboard shortcuts for: a) Copy the selected files/folders. b) Paste copied/cut files/folder.	1